

# STABILITY OF TACROLIMUS ORAL SUSPENSION IN DISPOSABLE POLYPROPYLENE SYRINGE

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## BACKGROUND AND IMPORTANCE

Following solid organ transplantation, **post-anaesthesia care units prioritise tacrolimus administration by enteral route** to minimise the neurotoxicity associated with its use via continuous intravenous infusion.

**There is no currently tacrolimus liquid dosage form commercially available** ready for direct administration *per os* or via feeding tube.

## AIM AND OBJECTIVES



Design an affordable and ready-to-use extemporaneous tacrolimus oral solution/suspension



Validate its physical, chemical and microbiological stability in polypropylene syringe



**Limit nurses exposure to this hazardous drug**

## MATERIAL AND METHODS

### 1 Design of an appropriate formulation

 Search & evaluation of tacrolimus' physicochemical properties

 Selection of pharmaceutical form and suitable excipients

 Preparation and storage { 20 – 25 °C  
2 – 8 °C

### 2 Assessment of stability parameters

 Every 7 days for a 28-days period, performed in triplicate

TESTS	Physico-chemical	Organoleptic properties, sedimentation time, homogeneity, pH, redispersibility, crystal growth and weight variation
	Micro-biological	Colony-forming units (CFU) growth: Blood agar cultures read after 24 and 48 h Sabouraud cultures read after 24, 48, 72 and 96 h

## RESULTS

Tacrolimus 1 mg/mL oral suspensions

Formulation A

Oraplus<sup>®</sup> + Orasweet<sup>®</sup>  
(1:1 ratio)

Formulation B

Simple syrup + 1,5 % CMC aqueous gel  
(2:1 ratio)

Formulation B  
underwent  
validation

**Formulation B contains less excipients and is more affordable**  
(8,51 € cheaper per 100 mL)

	Stored at 20 – 25 °C	Stored at 2 – 8 °C
<b>Organoleptic properties</b>	Sheer with yellowish hue and sweet	
<b>Homogeneity</b>	Homogeneous	
<b>Sedimentation time</b>	Sediment not detected	
<b>Redispersibility</b>	Crystals not detected	
<b>pH</b>	5,70 (5,60 – 5,76)	5,72 (5,70 – 5,76)
<b>Weight variation</b>	0,96% (0,38 – 1,65%)	0,75% (0,58 – 1,08%)



Only one *Staphylococcus hominis* CFU was detected on day 14 in one sample stored at 2 – 8 °C. No subsequent microbial growth was found → considered contamination.

## CONCLUSION AND RELEVANCE

**Tacrolimus 1 mg/mL oral suspension in simple syrup and carboxymethylcellulose 1,5% aqueous gel in a 2:1 ratio is stable when conditioned in polypropylene syringe for 28 days and stored at room or refrigerator temperature.**

**The developed and validated formulation provides safer handling of tacrolimus for nurses when a liquid oral dosage form is needed.**

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