#### **COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF TWO PHARMACOKINETIC PROGRAMS FOR LITHIUM ADJUSTMENT**

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## BACKGROUND



The narrow therapeutic window of lithium (0.6 - 0.8 mmol/L) requires accurate monitoring of its serum concentrations to achieve a safe and effective therapy.

# AIM AND OBJECTIVES



To compare two pharmacokinetic programs and analyze the precision and accuracy of lithium serum concentration adjustment.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

RESULTS

Retrospective observational study	<b>Included patients</b>	admitted with at least one determination of serum lithium
Secondary care hospital	Variables analysed	dosage, serum concentrations, date of blood analysis, serum
Jan 2020 - Dec 2020		creatinine, renal function, date of birth, sex and weight.
Electronic medical records	Serum estimations	PKS® VS MwPharm++®
Sheiner and Beal's prediction error theory	Accuracy	mean prediction error (MPE).
T-test for comparing means	Precision	mean absolute prediction error (MAPE) and the square root of the root mean square prediction error (RMSE).

79 levels from 18 patients (55.6% male). Median determinations per patient were 3 [IQI 2-4.5]. Median age 52.4 years [IQI: 41.7-55.4], median weight 70.5 kg [IQI: 66.8-82.15]. Three patients (16.7%) had a creatinine clearance < 60 ml/min.







### CONCLUSIONS

**U**MwPharm++ and PKS showed satisfactory predictive capabilities, with no significant statistical differences. Both programs proved to be valid options for lithium pharmacokinetic monitoring in clinical practice. **Larger studies are needed for confirmation.** 

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