#### 4CPS-081

# CONSENSUS ON INDICATORS FOR MEDICATION-RELATED READMISSIONS: A DELPHI STUDY

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## **INTRODUCTION & AIM**

#### **Medication-related readmissions**

are a critical challenge for healthcare systems<sup>1,2</sup>.

### METHODS

**WINSELGRUPPE** 

We conducted a **two-round Delphi study** to create the comprehensive set of indicators. For the first round, 20 indicators were identified through a scoping literature review and 11 additional indicators were added by the study team. The Delphi process was as follows:



- Development of effective indicators for medication-related readmissions is crucial for prioritizing patients for targeted clinical pharmacy services with the following benefits:
  - Improved medication safety
  - Enhanced patient care
  - Reduced healthcare costs

This study aims to create a **comprehensive set of indicators for 30-day medication-related readmissions**.









# **CONCLUSIONS & OUTLOOK**

In this Delphi study, we devised a **set of 29 indicators for 30-day medication-related readmissions**. These indicators can aid in **prioritizing patients for clinical pharmacy services upon hospital discharge**. The next phase involves **testing the predictability** of these indicators through a retrospective analysis of medication-related readmissions.







<sup>1</sup>Graabæk, T, et al., *J Eval Clin Pract*, 2019. <sup>2</sup>Bonnet-Zamponi, D et al., *J Am Geriatr Soc*, 2013.

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