

THERAPEUTIC POSITIONING AND USE OF INTRAVITREAL RANIBIZUMAB AND AFLIBERCEPT

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OBJECTIVE

Background: Intravitreal ranibizumab (IVR) and aflibercept (IVA) are approved for ophthalmology pathologies as age-related macular degeneration (AMD) and diabetic macular edema (DME). Due to drug costs and high prevalence rates there is a need to protocolize and rationalize the use of these drugs.

OBJECTIVES: To elaborate and implement a treatment algorithm and to evaluate the effectiveness and safety of IVR and IVA in a tertiary hospital.

METHODS

Variables

Study Observational, retrospective

Patient: gender, age, pathology.

Treatment: previous bevacizumab injections.

Eligible criteria All patients treated with IVR and IVA

| Clinical response | IVR | IVA |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Complete (CR) | Gain of visual acuity (VA) ≥5 letters or loss of foveal thickness from basal value. | Gain/maintenance of VA, reduction of subretinal fluid and absence of inflammatory activity |
| Partial (PR) | When only one of these parameters was observed | |

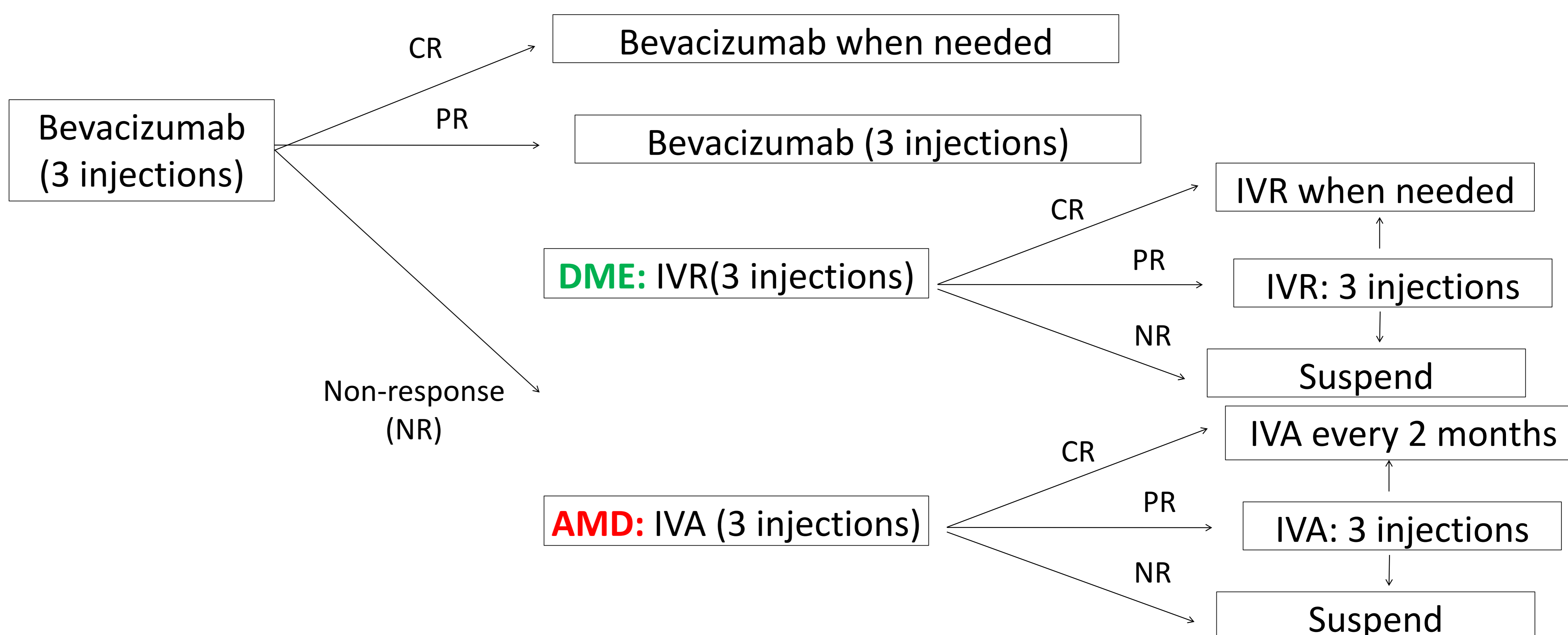
It was compared to pivotal clinical trials (PCT)

Inclusion time 01/09/2017 – 31/08/2018

Adverse events

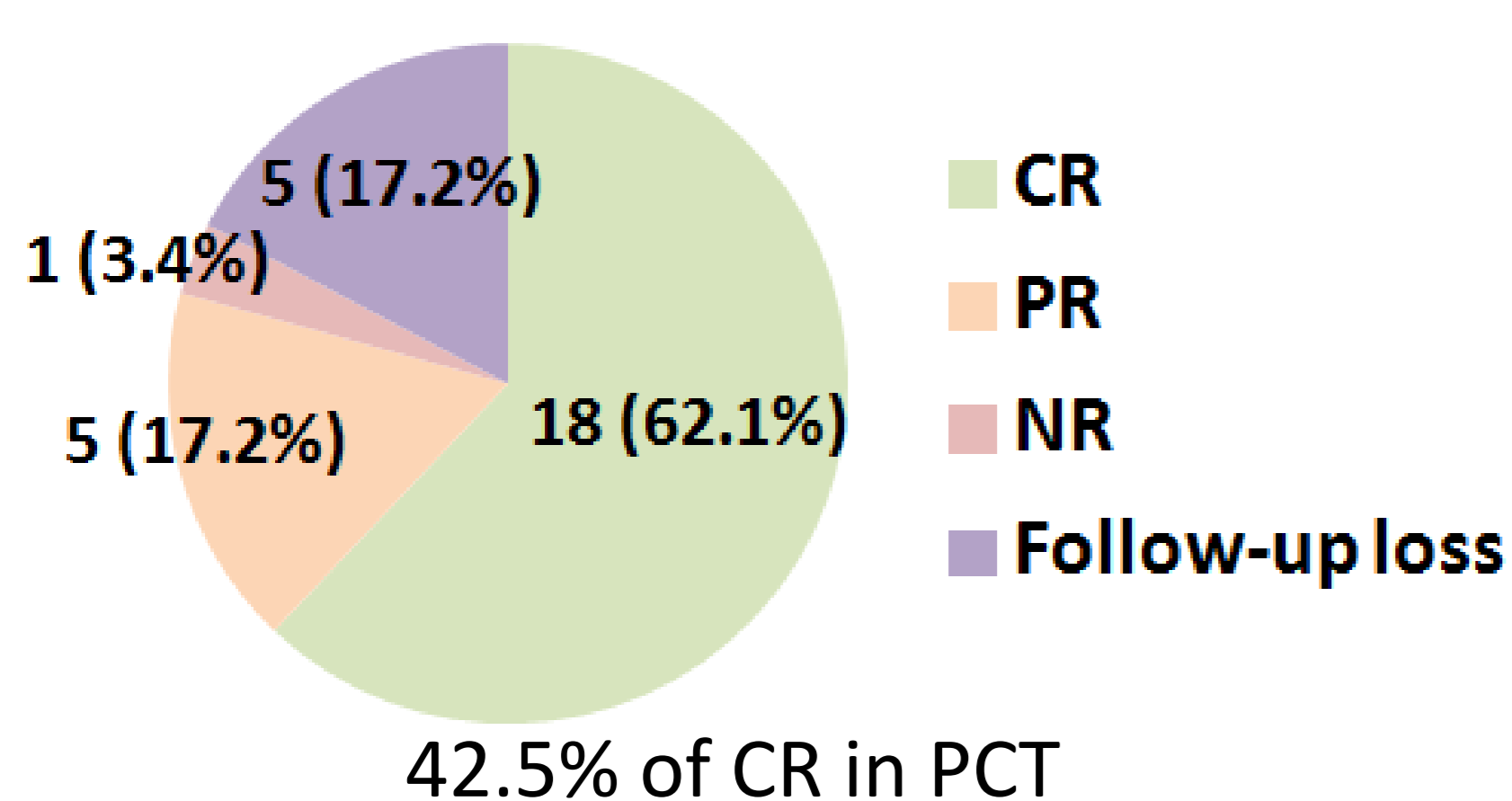
RESULTS

Treatment algorithm
(approved by the Pharmacotherapeutic Committee)



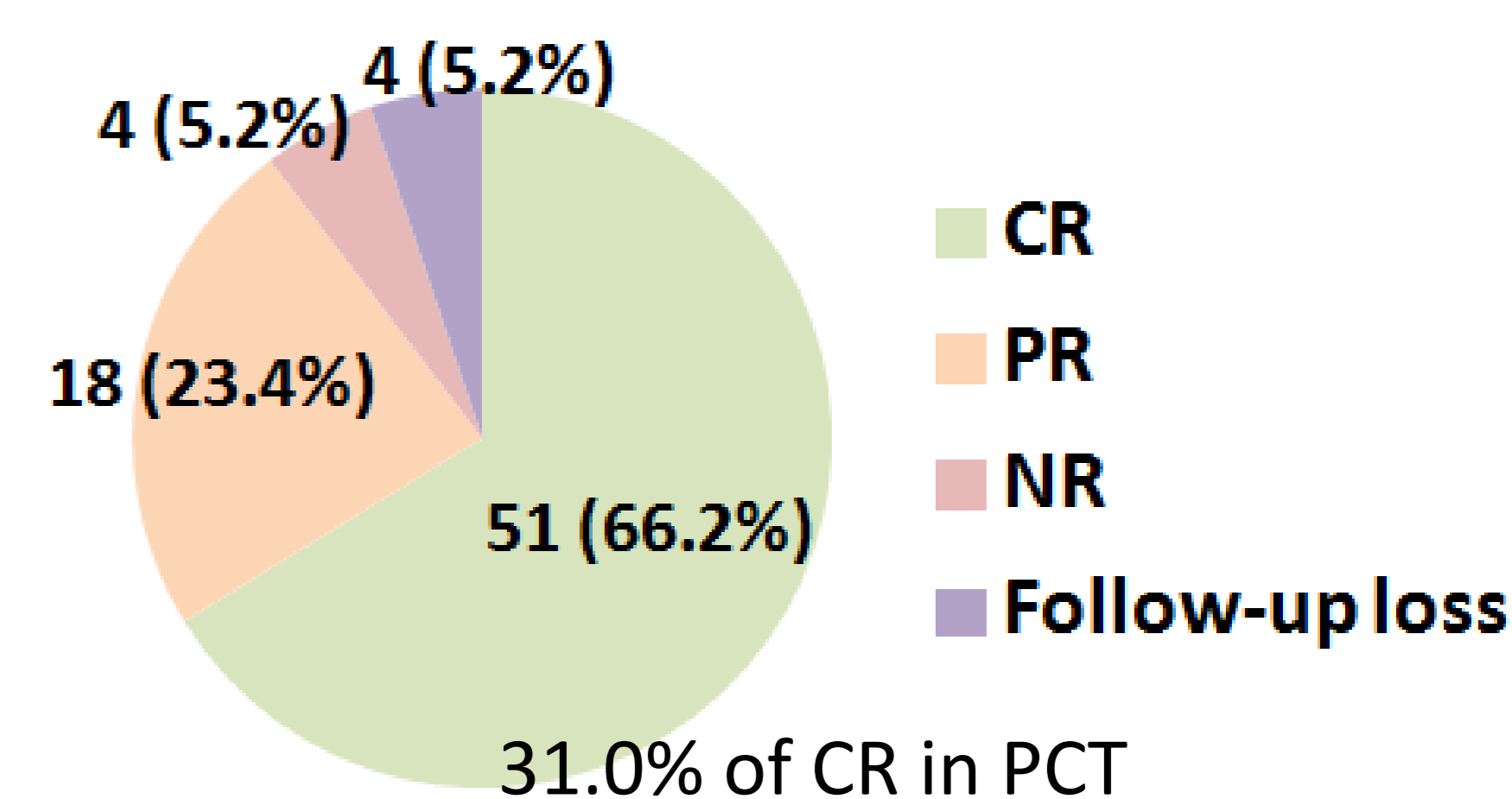
Intravitreal ranibizumab

- Median age: 68 years (range:40-87).
- 29 eyes corresponding to 26 patients (30.8% women).
- Median previous injections of bevacizumab: 7.
- 75 injections (median per patient:3; range:1-5).



Intravitreal aflibercept

- Median age: 78 years (range: 48-98).
- 77 eyes corresponding to 68 patients (52.9% women).
- Median previous injections of bevacizumab: 8.
- 283 injections (median per patient:3; range:1-11).



No serious adverse events were reported

CONCLUSIONS

- The algorithm is well implemented in our hospital achieving a rational ophthalmic drug use.
- Intravitreal ranibizumab and aflibercept are effective and safe, with better complete responses than those described in pivotal clinical trials.



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