CHECKLIST FOR OPTIMAL PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION IN VERY LOW-BIRTH-WEIGHT PRETERM NEWBORNS IN THE NEONATAL **INTENSIVE CARE UNIT**

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To develop a checklist that facilitates pharmacotherapy validation for preterm newborns (PTNB) weighing less than 1000 g and hospitalized in the neonatal intensive care unit (NICU). The primary objective is to ensure a higher quality of hospital care in terms of pharmacotherapy.

Why was it done?

The neonatal intensive care unit (NICU) is a complex area of pediatric hospitalization that specialized healthcare necessitates professionals. The role of the NICU pharmacist is vital in ensuring the appropriate and optimized use of medications in various critical situations.



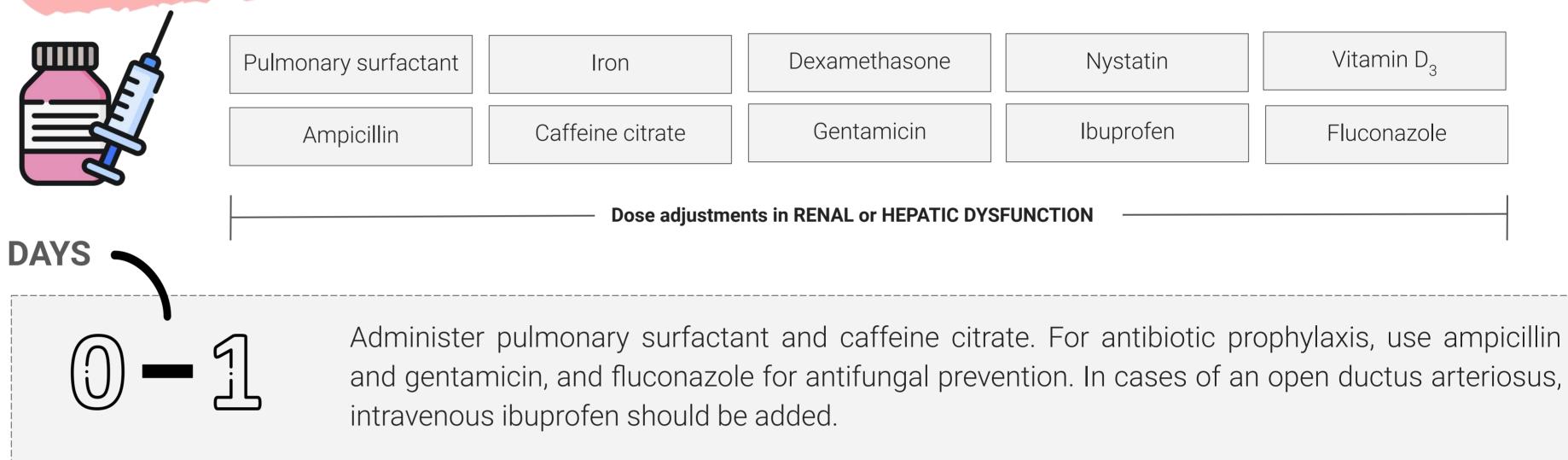


NEONATOLOGIST

NICU NURSE



What has been achieved?





Administer vitamin D3 and a multivitamin complex if the neonate tolerates oral administration. If there is a risk of bronchopulmonary dysplasia, which is characterized by more than 7 days of intubation and difficulty with extubation, consider adding dexamethasone and nystatin.

How was it done?

We conducted a literature review to identify the pharmacotherapy requirements for preterm newborns (PTNB) weighing less than 1000 g during their first 30 days of life.



Pulmonary surfactant Single dose 100-200 mg/kg during the first 15 minutes of life. It may require an extra

dose 6-12h after the first one, and a third lose 12h after in those neonates with ARDS

or assisted ventilation requirements. Maximum dose = 400 mg/kg

Monitor ferritin and vitamin D3 levels. Begin oral iron supplementation (ferrum) 30 days after birth. Both drugs should be continued for one year.

In cases where meningitis is suspected, we have provided recommendations for increasing the dose to ensure adequate penetration into the central nervous system.

Checklist for preterm newborns < 1000 g (NICU)

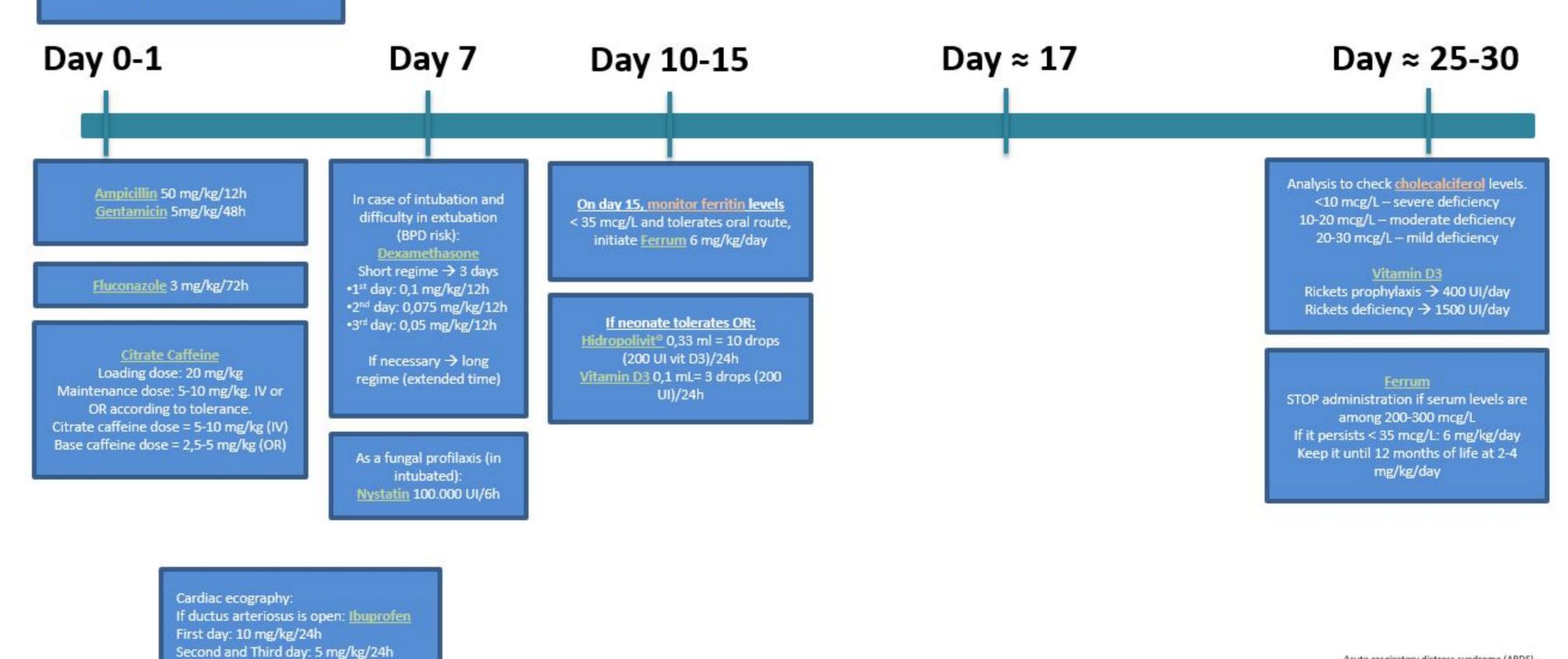


• Drugs

- Dosages
- Treatment duration
- Initiation date
- Drug monitoring (when necessary)
- Recommendations (specific clinical scenarios)

What next?

This tool **simplifies pharmaceutical validation**,



particularly for pharmacists who may not specialize in the care of these complex patients.

> Patient safety Pharmacotherapy validation

Drug-related errors Protocol heterogeneity

Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) Bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD)







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